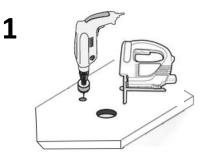
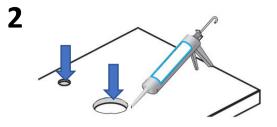
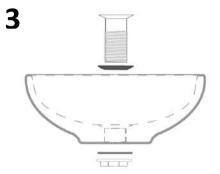
Countertop Basin Installation



Cut holes if necessary for waste and tap



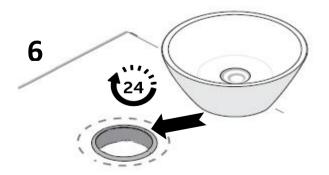
Seal the inside/exposed edge after cutting to prevent water/moisture penetration

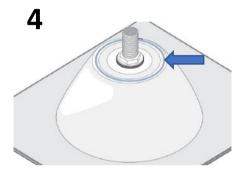


Fit basin waste (Not included) to basin, following the waste instruction

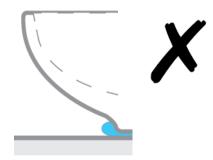


Correct application





Apply a bead of silicone slightly in from the edge of the basin



Incorrect application

Place basin into position over the hole in the unit top and leave for at least 24 hours to allow the silicone to dry

Failure to seal the basin in this way will invalidate any guarantee

Care and Maintenance

Solid Surface has a nonporous surface that makes it resistant to stains, scratches and discoloration. To maintain the condition of your new Solid Surface tub, simply wipe the surface with a dry, soft cloth after each use. Most dirt and dust will wash off with clean, warm water. For a more thorough cleaning, be sure to use a mild cleaner such as a gentle dish soap. Avoid any products that contain abrasives, acids, or ammonia.

Silk Matte Finish

- Clean your bath with a soft cloth and warm soapy water.
- Stubborn marks and fine scratches may be removed with the Scotch-Brite pad. Gently rub in small circular motions until the scratch is gone.
- Dry with a towel

High Gloss Finish

- To preserve the polished surface, clean your bath with a soft cloth and warm soapy water.
- Stubborn marks and fine scratches may be removed using 1500-2000 grit water paper.
- Dry with a towel
- Follow this by polishing with a car burnishing compound and soft cloth. Buff the surface to a shine, using a buffing cloth or drill attachment. Repeat this process as many times as necessary until the damaged area is blended with the tub's finish.

Damage Prevention

- Always run hot and cold water simultaneously into your basin. Hot water should not exceed a maximum temperature of 140°F.
- Do not use powders, pastes, crème cleaners, thinners or dry-cleaning fluids.
- Deliver water (mixed hot and cold) to the lowest point of the basin which is at the waste area
- Avoid contact with strong chemicals and solvents (stain removers, nail varnish removers, Etc)
- Wipe away any chemical spillages. Example: hair dye, as soon as possible to avoid potential staining.
- When colored essential oils or bathbombs are used, first test that the color will not stain your basin. If it does, a burnishing compound will remove it.